Amendments to the Claims

The listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listing of claims in the application:

<u>Listing of Claims:</u>

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2-7. (Canceled)
- 8. (Currently Amended) The device of claim ± 56 wherein the device is substantially non-porous prior to implantation into a patient.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 4 <u>56</u> wherein there is at least an 8 week difference between the degradation rates of the components.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 9 wherein the degradation rates differ by about 12 months to 2 years.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The device of claim $\pm \underline{56}$ wherein at least one of the components includes a therapeutic additive.
 - 12-50. (Canceled)
- 51. (Currently Amended) The device of claim ± 56 wherein the device, when initially implanted, is in the form of a solid preformed structure.
- 52. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 4 <u>56</u> wherein the polymer fills interconnecting pores of the ceramic structure.
- 53. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 51 wherein the polymer is resorbable.

- 54. (Canceled)
- 55. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 54 <u>57</u> wherein the polymer fills interconnecting pores of the ceramic structure.
- 56. (Previously Presented) A device for tissue repair or replacement, comprising first and second components having different relative rates of *in vivo* degradation, the first component comprising a unitary and continuous ceramic structure having interconnected porosity throughout and the second component comprises a polymer infiltrated in the ceramic structure such that the polymer fills the interconnected pores throughout the entire ceramic structure, and wherein the first component has a higher rate of *in vivo* degradation than the second component, the first and second components being arranged relative to each other so that, after implantation of the device, the first component degrades *in vivo* leaving a scaffold formed of the second component, the scaffold having pores into which tissue can infiltrate, wherein the device, when initially implanted, does not have sufficient porosity to support tissue ingrowth.
- 57. (Previously Presented) A device for tissue repair or replacement, comprising first and second components having different relative rates of *in vivo* degradation, the first component comprising a unitary and continuous ceramic structure having interconnected porosity throughout and the second component comprising a polymer infiltrated in the ceramic structure, and wherein the first component has a higher rate of *in vivo* degradation than the second component, the first and second components being arranged relative to each other so that, after implantation of the device, the first component degrades *in vivo* leaving a scaffold formed of the second component, the scaffold having pores into which tissue can infiltrate, wherein the device, when initially implanted, is non-porous.